

# BETASHARES GLOBAL AGRICULTURE COMPANIES CURRENCY HEDGED ETF

ARSN: 609 246 611| ASX CODE: FOOD

# BETASHARES GLOBAL HEALTHCARE CURRENCY HEDGED ETF

ARSN: 609 155 124| ASX CODE: DRUG

# BETASHARES GLOBAL GOLD MINERS CURRENCY HEDGED ETF

ARSN: 609 155 419| ASX CODE: MNRS

# BETASHARES GLOBAL BANKS CURRENCY HEDGED ETF

ARSN: 609 154 994| ASX CODE: BNKS

# BETASHARES GLOBAL ENERGY COMPANIES CURRENCY HEDGED ETF

ARSN: 609 154 896| ASX CODE: FUEL

# BETASHARES GLOBAL CYBERSECURITY ETF

ARSN: 169 914 434| ASX CODE: HACK

---

## SUPPLEMENTARY PRODUCT DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

DATED: 4 MARCH 2026  
ISSUER: BETASHARES CAPITAL LTD  
ABN: 78 139 566 868  
AFS LICENCE: 341181

This Supplementary Product Disclosure Statement ("SPDS") is supplemental to the Product Disclosure Statement dated 20 December 2024 in respect of Betashares Global Agriculture Companies Currency Hedged ETF, Betashares Global Healthcare Currency Hedged ETF, Betashares Global Gold Miners Currency Hedged ETF, Betashares Global Energy Companies Currency Hedged ETF, Betashares Global Banks Currency Hedged ETF and Betashares Global Cybersecurity ETF (the "PDS").

The PDS and this SPDS should be read together.

A copy of this SPDS has been lodged with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission ("ASIC") on 4 March 2026. Neither ASIC nor ASX Limited takes any responsibility for the contents of this SPDS.

Terms defined in the PDS have the same meanings when used in this SPDS.

This SPDS amends certain information relevant to Betashares Global Cybersecurity ETF ("Fund"). No changes are being made to the other funds under the PDS.

## Revisions to HACK's underlying index methodology

As stated in the PDS, the investment objective of the Fund is to provide an investment return that aims to track the performance of the Nasdaq CTA Cybersecurity Index (the "Index"), before taking into account fees and expenses.

Effective 20 March 2026, the Index provider has amended the Index methodology. The changes are designed to broaden the Index's eligible universe in response to the evolving cybersecurity landscape and ongoing sector consolidation. The changes seek to maintain the Index's cybersecurity thematic focus by expanding the classification of a Cybersecurity company to include companies fitting the classification of either a "Core" cybersecurity company or "Complementary" cybersecurity company (as determined by the Consumer Technology Association).

The changes are summarised below:

	<b>Current criteria</b>	<b>Effective on 20 March 2026 following close of ASX trading</b>
<b>Changes to the classification of a Cybersecurity company</b>	The security must be classified as a Cybersecurity company as determined by the Consumer Technology Association (CTA).	The security must be classified by the Consumer Technology Association (CTA) as a Cybersecurity company fitting the classification of either a "Core" or "Complementary" cybersecurity company, as determined by CTA.
<b>Changes to market capitalisation definition</b>	Securities must have a minimum market capitalisation of \$500 million.	Securities must have a minimum free float market capitalisation of \$500 million.
<b>Change to eligibility criteria to introduce a "notional thematic revenue" ranking</b>	Not applicable	Securities that meet all eligibility criteria are ranked based on their "notional thematic revenue" as determined by CTA. The top 50 ranked Core cybersecurity companies are selected for inclusion in the Index. Where fewer than 50 companies are selected, Complementary cybersecurity companies are added, ranked by notional thematic revenue, as necessary until either 50 securities are selected or all eligible Complementary cybersecurity companies are exhausted. The Index is capped at 50 securities.
<b>Change to weighting process</b>	At each quarterly rebalance, weights are adjusted through a multi-step process. Initial free-float market capitalisation weights are subject to uniform maximum caps, with additional adjustments to allow the 5 largest securities to retain relatively higher weights than other constituents. A minimum weight is applied to all securities, with excess weight proportionally redistributed to produce the final weights.	At each quarterly rebalance, constituents are split into two classifications (Core cybersecurity companies and Complementary cybersecurity companies). Maximum weight limits differ by classification and relative size, with the 5 largest Core cybersecurity companies permitted higher maximum weights than other Core cybersecurity companies and Complementary cybersecurity companies. A minimum weight is applied to all securities, with excess weight proportionally redistributed to produce the final weights.

The following specific changes are made to the PDS, effective on 20 March 2026 after the close of ASX trading.

### ***Product Supplement – Further information about the Index***

In the Product Supplement for the Fund, the information under the heading "Further information about the Index" is deleted and replaced with:

The index sponsor is Nasdaq, Inc ("Nasdaq").

To be eligible for initial inclusion in the Index, a security must meet the following criteria:

- be classified by the Consumer Technology Association (CTA) as a Cybersecurity company fitting the classification of either a Core cybersecurity company or Complementary cybersecurity company, as determined by CTA;
- be listed on an Index-eligible global stock exchange as determined by Nasdaq;
- one security per issuer is permitted;
- have a minimum free float market capitalisation of US\$500 million;
- have a minimum three-month average daily dollar trading volume of US\$1 million;
- have a minimum free float of 20%;
- may not have entered into a definitive agreement or other arrangement which would likely result in the security no longer being Index eligible; and
- may not be issued by an issuer currently in bankruptcy proceedings.

“Core” cybersecurity companies are companies that provide products, services, and/or solutions including application security, data security, endpoint security, identity and access management, networking security, and security observability.

“Complementary” cybersecurity companies are companies that offer products, services, and/or solutions including consultants, contractors, and managed service providers that implement cybersecurity solutions for clients, diversified technology providers, governance risk and compliance solutions, and security operations.

At each semi-annual reconstitution, securities meeting the eligibility criteria are ranked based on their “notional thematic revenue” (calculated as the company’s estimated thematic revenue percentage, as determined by CTA, multiplied by the company’s total revenue). The highest-ranked 50 Core cybersecurity securities are selected for inclusion in the Index. If fewer than 50 Core cybersecurity securities are available, the highest-ranked Complementary cybersecurity securities are included, in descending order of notional thematic revenue, until a total of 50 securities have been selected or all eligible Complementary cybersecurity securities have been exhausted. The Index is capped at 50 securities.

The Index employs a modified free float-market capitalisation weighted methodology. Each quarter, the Index is rebalanced in accordance with the following two-stage process:

- initial Index security weights (based on their free float market capitalisation) are adjusted so that: (a) for the 5 largest Core cybersecurity securities, by free float market capitalisation, no security weight may exceed 8% of the Index; (b) for all other Core cybersecurity securities, no security weight may exceed 4% of the Index; and (c) for Complementary cybersecurity securities, no security weight may exceed 2% of the Index. Excess weight is redistributed to securities with remaining capacity below their applicable caps; and
- the resulting weights are proportionally redistributed so that no Index security weight may be lower than 0.10% of the Index, producing the final Index weights.

To be eligible for continued inclusion in the Index, certain additional criteria apply.

The Index is rebalanced quarterly in March, June, September and December and reconstituted semi-annually in March and September. Between the reconstitutions of the Index, if an Index constituent security no longer meets the eligibility criteria or is otherwise determined to have become ineligible for inclusion in the Index, the security is removed from the Index and not replaced.

The Index is a net total return index, which means that it reinvests cash dividends on the relevant ex-dividend date (the date on which the relevant shares no longer come attached with the right to receive the declared dividend) and adjusts for an Index security’s country of incorporation withholding rate.

The nature and method of calculation of the Index may change from time to time.

Neither the Responsible Entity nor any other company in the Betashares group has any control over, or responsibility for, the composition, calculation or availability of the Index. The Index Provider is not a related company of the Responsible Entity.

Further information about the Index can be found on the Fund’s product page at [www.betashares.com.au](http://www.betashares.com.au).

Past performance information about the Index is available from various sources, including stockbrokers, financial information websites and major data providers such as Bloomberg or Reuters. Any past performance information about the Index does not take into account fees, costs or taxes that may be incurred as a result of investing in the Fund. Past performance of the Index is not a reliable guide to future performance of the Index or the Fund.

A listing of the Fund's portfolio holdings, updated daily, will be available at [www.betashares.com.au](http://www.betashares.com.au).

***Product Supplement – Specific Risk Factors***

In the Product Supplement for the Fund, the section "Index methodology risk" is deleted and replaced with:

**Unrelated business lines risk**

Any Complementary cybersecurity companies included in the Index may have significant business lines that are not cybersecurity-related. The performance of these companies, and therefore the Index and the Fund, may be affected by risks, events or market conditions relating to their non-cybersecurity business activities. As a result, the Fund's performance may differ from the performance of companies that do not have unrelated business lines.