Booklet 5A

BetaShares Asia Technology Tigers ETF - ASX Code: ASIA (ARSN 626 788 967)

BetaShares FTSE RAFI U.S. 1000 ETF - ASX Code: QUS (ARSN 169 907 313)

BetaShares Global Cybersecurity ETF - ASX Code: HACK (ARSN 169 914 434)

BetaShares Global Income Leaders ETF - ASX Code: INCM (ARSN 624 896 742)

BetaShares Global Quality Leaders ETF - ASX Code: QLTY (ARSN 624 896 868)

BetaShares Global Robotics and Artificial Intelligence ETF - ASX Code: RBTZ (ARSN 624 898 157)

BetaShares Global Sustainability Leaders ETF - ASX Code: ETHI (ARSN 613 694 250)

BetaShares NASDAQ 100 ETF - ASX Code: NDQ (ARSN 169 907 564)

Annual Financial Report

30 June 2019

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Directors' report

The directors of BetaShares Capital Ltd, the Responsible Entity of the following managed investment funds (the "Funds") present their report together with the annual financial report of the Funds for the period ended 30 June 2019 and the auditor's report thereon.

Fund name	Referred to in this document as	Financial reporting period	ARSN
BetaShares Asia Technology Tigers ETF	Asia Technology Tigers ETF	22 June 2018 to 30 June 2019	626 788 967
BetaShares FTSE RAFI U.S. 1000 ETF	FTSE RAFI U.S. 1000 ETF	1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019	169 907 313
BetaShares Global Cybersecurity ETF	Global Cybersecurity ETF	1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019	169 914 434
BetaShares Global Income Leaders ETF	Global Income Leaders ETF	21 March 2018 to 30 June 2019	624 896 742
BetaShares Global Quality Leaders ETF	Global Quality Leaders ETF	21 March 2018 to 30 June 2019	624 896 868
BetaShares Global Robotics and Artificial Intelligence ETF	Global Robotics and Artificial Intelligence ETF	21 March 2018 to 30 June 2019	624 898 157
BetaShares Global Sustainability Leaders ETF	Global Sustainability Leaders ETF	1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019	613 694 250
BetaShares NASDAQ 100 ETF	NASDAQ 100 ETF	1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019	169 907 564

Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the Funds is BetaShares Capital Ltd (ABN 78 139 566 868). The Responsible Entity's registered office and principal place of business is Level 11, 50 Margaret Street, Sydney, NSW 2000.

Principal activities

The principal activity of each Fund is to invest in accordance with the investment objective and guidelines as set out in the Fund's current Product Disclosure Statement and its Constitution.

The Funds did not have any employees during the period.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Funds' activities during the financial period.

Directors

The following persons held office as directors of BetaShares Capital Ltd during the period or since the end of the period and up to the date of this report:

David Nathanson (appointed 21 September 2009)
Alex Vynokur (appointed 21 September 2009)
Taeyong Lee (appointed 12 August 2015, resigned 31 August 2018)
Thomas Park (appointed 12 August 2015)
Jungho Rhee (appointed 1 September 2018)

Directors' report (continued)

Review and results of operations

During the period, the Funds continued to invest in accordance with target asset allocations as set out in their governing documents and in accordance with the provisions of the Funds' Constitutions.

The results of operations of the Funds are disclosed in the statements of comprehensive income. The income distributions payable by each of the Funds are disclosed in the statements of financial position. The income distributions paid and payable by each of the Funds are disclosed in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Significant changes in state of affairs

On 5 May 2016, a new tax regime applying to Managed Investment Trusts was established under the *Tax Law Amendment (New Tax System for Managed Investment Trusts) Act 2016.* The Attribution Managed Investment Trust ("AMIT") regime allows Funds that meet certain requirements to make an irrevocable choice to be an AMIT. The Funds' Constitutions allow them to operate as AMITs, and the conditions to adopt the AMIT tax regime have been met effective 1 July 2018. Consequently, the units in the Funds that had a prior financial reporting period have been reclassified from a financial liability to equity on 1 July 2018 (see Note 3 for further information).

In the opinion of the directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Funds that occurred during the financial period.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial period

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2019 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Funds in future financial periods; or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial periods: or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Funds in future financial periods.

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The results of the Funds' operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Funds invest. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Further information on likely developments in the operation of the Funds and the expected results of those operations have not been included in this report because the Responsible Entity believes it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Funds.

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Funds in regard to insurance cover provided to either the officers of BetaShares Capital Ltd or the auditor of the Funds. So long as the officers of BetaShares Capital Ltd act in accordance with the Funds' Constitutions and the law, the officers remain indemnified out of the assets of the Funds against losses incurred while acting on behalf of the Funds. The auditor of the Funds is in no way indemnified out of the assets of the Funds.

Directors' report (continued)

Fees paid to and interests held in the Funds by the Responsible Entity or its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of the Funds' property during the period are disclosed in Note 12 to the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of the Funds' property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the period.

The number of interests in the Funds held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial period are disclosed in Note 12 to the financial statements.

Interests in the Funds

The movement in units on issue in the Funds during the period is disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements.

The value of the Funds' assets and liabilities is disclosed on the statements of financial position and derived using the basis set out in Note 2 to the financial statements.

Environmental regulation

The operations of the Funds are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Rounding of amounts to the nearest thousand dollars

The Funds are entities of the kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191 and in accordance with that instrument, amounts in the financial report and directors' report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 5.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

David Nathanson Director

Sydney 20 September 2019 Alex Vynokur Director



Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To the Directors of BetaShares Capital Ltd, as Responsible Entity for the Schemes:

BetaShares Asia Technology Tigers ETF

BetaShares FTSE RAFI U.S. 1000 ETF

BetaShares Global Cybersecurity ETF

BetaShares Global Income Leaders ETF

BetaShares Global Quality Leaders ETF

BetaShares Global Robotics and Artificial Intelligence ETF

BetaShares Global Sustainability Leaders ETF

BetaShares NASDAQ 100 ETF

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit of the Schemes for the financial year ended 30 June 2019 there have been:

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KPMG

Nicholas Buchanan

Partner

Sydney

20 September 2019

Statements of comprehensive income		Asia Technology Tigers ETF ¹	FTSE RAF U.S. 1000 E		Global Cybersecurity	ETF
		30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
		2019	2019	2018	2019	2018
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Investment income						
Interest income		-	2	-	-	-
Dividend/distribution income		386	1,039	715	923	354
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		2,131	3,279	4,310	18,322	14,143
Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)		(91)	(8)	4	(26)	(5)
Other operating income		44	2	3	37	33
Total net investment income/(loss)		2,470	4,314	5,032	19,256	14,525
Expenses						
Management fees	12	161	122	109	719	315
Expense recoveries	12	28	41	36	126	55
Transaction costs	12	30	2	3	67	27
Other operating expenses		5	3	7	6	8
Total operating expenses		224	168	155	918	405
Operating profit/(loss)		2,246	4,146	4,877	18,338	14,120
Finance costs attributable to						
Distributions to unitholders*	4	_	_	(1,248)	_	(3,992)
(Increase)/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders*	3	_	_	(3,629)		(10,128)
Profit/(loss) for the period	3	2,246	4,146	(0,023)	18,338	(10,120)
1 Total (1033) for the period		2,240	7,170		10,000	
Other comprehensive income		_	_	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period		2,246	4,146	-	18,338	

^{*} Net assets attributable to unitholders for Funds that had a prior financial reporting period reclassified from liabilities to equity from 1 July 2018. As a result, these Funds' distributions are no longer classified as finance costs in the statements of comprehensive income but rather as distributions to unitholders in the statements of changes in equity. Refer to Note 1 for further detail.

The above statements of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

¹ Refer to Note 1 for the financial reporting period.

Booklet 5A Statements of comprehensive income For the period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

Statements of comprehensive income		Global Income Leaders ETF ¹	Global Quality Leaders ETF ¹	Global Robotics and Artificial Intelligence ETF ¹
		30 June	30 June	
		2019	2019	2019
	Notes	\$ ²	\$'000	\$'000
Investment income				
Interest income		11	-	-
Dividend/distribution income		145,885	69	
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		108,020	839	` ,
Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)		(239)	4	(12)
Other operating income		8,182	6	16
Total net investment income/(loss)		261,859	918	169
Expenses				
Management fees	12	9,085	12	60
Expense recoveries	12	1,398	2	
Transaction costs		5,130	4	8
Other operating expenses		226	2	2
Total operating expenses		15,839	20	83
				·
Operating profit/(loss)		246,020	898	86
Profit/(loss) for the period		246,020	898	86
Other comprehensive income			-	<u> </u>
Total comprehensive income for the period		246,020	898	86

The above statements of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

¹ Refer to Note 1 for the financial reporting period.

² Rounded to the nearest whole dollar as the Fund does not meet the criteria set out in ASIC Instrument 2016/191 to round to the nearest thousand dollars.

Statements of comprehensive income	ements of comprehensive income		Global Sustainability Leaders ETF		
		30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
		2019	2018	2019	2018
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Investment income					
Interest income		-	-	10	9
Dividend/distribution income		3,764	2,062	4,154	2,170
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		42,826	23,187	61,738	59,985
Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)		18	(7)	10	(1)
Other operating income		36	50	27	31
Total net investment income/(loss)		46,644	25,292	65,939	62,194
Expenses					
Management fees	12	1,292	632	1,646	901
Expense recoveries	12	264	129	433	237
Transaction costs		44	36	23	17
Other operating expenses		5	14	8	18
Total operating expenses		1,605	811	2,110	1,173
Operating profit/(loss)		45,039	24,481	63,829	61,021
Finance costs attributable to					
Distributions to unitholders*	4	-	(3,621)	-	(1,585)
(Increase)/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders*	3	-	(20,860)	-	(59,436)
Profit/(loss) for the period		45,039	-	63,829	-
Other comprehensive income		_	_	_	_
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	45,039	<u> </u>	63,829	

^{*} Net assets attributable to unitholders for Funds that had a prior financial reporting period reclassified from liabilities to equity from 1 July 2018. As a result, these Funds' distributions are no longer classified as finance costs in the statements of comprehensive income but rather as distributions to unitholders in the statements of changes in equity. Refer to Note 1 for further detail.

The above statements of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of financial position		Asia Technology Tigers ETF ¹	FTSE RAF U.S. 1000 E	=	Global Cybersecurity	ETF
		30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
		2019	2019	2018	2019	2018
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents		63	31	21	188	166
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5	57,474	43,047	41,064	152,803	85,823
Other receivables		197	45	40	34	47
Total assets		57,734	43,123	41,125	153,025	86,036
Liabilities						
Distributions payable	4	-	1,435	985	14,041	3,992
Due to brokers - payables for securities purchased		-	26	-	, -	, -
Other payables		30	16	30	84	96
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)		30	1,477	1,015	14,125	4,088
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability*	3	<u> </u>	-	40,110	-	81,948
Net assets attributable to unitholders - equity*		57,704	41,646	<u> </u>	138,900	_

^{*} Net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as equity at 30 June 2019 and as financial liability at 30 June 2018. Refer to Note 1 for further detail.

The above statements of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

¹ Refer to Note 1 for the financial reporting period.

Booklet 5A Statements of financial position As at 30 June 2019 (continued)

Statements of financial position		Global Income Leaders ETF ¹	Global Quality Leaders ETF ¹	Global Robotics and Artificial Intelligence ETF ¹
	Notes	30 June 2019 \$ ²	30 June 2019 \$'000	2019
Assets Cash and cash equivalents		37,510	36	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Due from brokers - receivables for securities sold	5	8,345,866 1,179	12,737 -	25,038 -
Other receivables Total assets		30,547 8,415,102	5 12,778	25,091
Liabilities Distributions payable Other payables	4	162,055 3,060	243 4	11
Total liabilities Net assets attributable to unitholders - equity*	3	165,115 8,249,987	247 12,531	148 24,943

^{*} Net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as equity at 30 June 2019. Refer to Note 1 for further detail.

The above statements of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

¹ Refer to Note 1 for the financial reporting period.

² Rounded to the nearest whole dollar as the Fund does not meet the criteria set out in ASIC Instrument 2016/191 to round to the nearest thousand dollars.

Statements of financial position		Global Sustaina Leaders ET	•	NASDAQ 100 ETF	
		30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
		2019	2018	2019	2018
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents		485	495	751	218
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5	339,833	208,545	520,656	337,709
Other receivables		3,891	4,829	201	96
Total assets		344,209	213,869	521,608	338,023
Liabilities					
Distributions payable	4	13,836	3,393	12,061	1,193
Due to brokers - payables for securities purchased		3,535	4,614	, <u>-</u>	, -
Other payables		164	224	222	270
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)	-	17,535	8,231	12,283	1,463
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability*	_	-	205,638	-	336,560
Net assets attributable to unitholders - equity*	3	326,674	<u> </u>	509,325	

^{*} Net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as equity at 30 June 2019 and as financial liability at 30 June 2018. Refer to Note 1 for further detail.

The above statements of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of changes in equity		Asia Technology Tigers ETF ¹	FTSE RAF U.S. 1000 E		Global Cybersecurity	ETF
	Notes	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000
Total equity at the beginning of the period		-	_	-	_	-
Reclassification as equity due to AMIT tax regime implementation*	3		40,110	<u>-</u> _	81,948	
Comprehensive income for the period						
Profit/(loss) for the period		2,246	4,146	-	18,338	-
Other comprehensive income			-	<u>-</u>	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period		2,246	4,146	-	18,338	-
Transactions with unitholders						
Applications	3	55,458	2,105	-	53,845	-
Redemptions	3	-	(2,966)	=	(1,436)	-
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	3	-	93	=	246	-
Distributions to unitholders	3,4	-	(1,842)	=	(14,041)	-
Total transactions with unitholders		55,458	(2,610)	-	38,614	-
Total equity at the end of the period*	3	57,704	41,646	<u> </u>	138,900	

^{*} Effective from 1 July 2018, Funds that had a prior financial reporting period had their units reclassified from financial liability to equity. Refer Note 1 for further detail. As a result, equity transactions including distributions have been disclosed in the above statements for the period ended 30 June 2019. There were no equity transactions for the comparative year.

The above statements of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

¹ Refer to Note 1 for the financial reporting period.

Booklet 5A Statements of changes in equity For the period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

				Global Robotics
Statements of changes in equity		Global Income	Global Quality	and Artificial
		Leaders ETF ¹	Leaders ETF ¹	Intelligence ETF ¹
		30 June	30 June	30 June
		2019	2019	2019
	Notes	\$ ²	\$'000	\$'000
Total equity at the beginning of the period	3	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>
Comprehensive income for the period				
Profit/(loss) for the period		246,020	898	86
Other comprehensive income			-	
Total comprehensive income for the period		246,020	898	86
Transactions with unitholders				
Applications	3	8,182,462	11,876	25,787
Redemptions	3	-	-	(793)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	3	763	-	-
Distributions to unitholders	3,4	(179,258)	(243)	(137)
Total transactions with unitholders		8,003,967	11,633	24,857
Total equity at the end of the period	3	8,249,987	12,531	24,943

The above statements of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

¹ Refer to Note 1 for the financial reporting period.

² Rounded to the nearest whole dollar as the Fund does not meet the criteria set out in ASIC Instrument 2016/191 to round to the nearest thousand dollars.

Statements of changes in equity		Global Sustainability Leaders ETF		NASDAQ 100 ETF	
	·	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
		2019	2018	2019	2018
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Total equity at the beginning of the period		-	-	-	-
Reclassification as equity due to AMIT tax regime implementation*	3	205,638	<u>-</u>	336,560	-
Comprehensive income for the period					
Profit/(loss) for the period		45,039	-	63,829	-
Other comprehensive income		· -	-	´ -	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	- -	45,039	-	63,829	-
Transactions with unitholders					
Applications	3	90,034	-	135,216	-
Redemptions	3	-	-	(13,558)	-
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	3	361	-	158	-
Distributions to unitholders	3,4	(14,398)	-	(12,880)	-
Total transactions with unitholders	- -	75,997	-	108,936	-
Total equity at the end of the period*	3	326,674	-	509,325	<u> </u>

^{*} Effective from 1 July 2018, Funds that had a prior financial reporting period had their units reclassified from financial liability to equity. Refer Note 1 for further detail. As a result, equity transactions including distributions have been disclosed in the above statements for the period ended 30 June 2019. There were no equity transactions for the comparative year.

The above statements of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of cash flows	Asia Technology Tigers ETF ¹	FTSE R U.S. 1000		Globa Cybersecur	
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2019	2019	2018	2019	2018
No	otes \$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities					
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	6,446	6,207	2,703	93,066	35,057
Payment for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(61,879)	(4,893)	(8,950)	(141,749)	(81,090)
Distributions/dividends received	198	1,035	709	949	332
Interest income received	-	2	-	-	-
Other operating income received	44	2	3	37	33
Management fees paid	(144)	(133)	(95)	(742)	(246)
Expense recoveries paid	(25)	(45)	(32)	(130)	(43)
Transaction costs paid	(30)	(2)	(3)	(67)	(27)
Other operating expenses paid	(5)	(3)	(8)	(4)	(18)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	6 (55,395)	2,170	(5,673)	(48,640)	(46,002)
Cash flows from financing activities					
Proceeds from applications by unitholders	55,458	2,105	6,381	53,845	46,718
Payments for redemptions by unitholders	-	(2,966)	-	(1,436)	-
Distributions paid	-	(1,299)	(701)	(3,746)	(636)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities	55,458	(2,160)	5,680	48,663	46,082
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	63	10	7	23	80
not more acceptance of a contract of the contr	00	.0	,	20	00
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial period	-	21	14	166	85
Effects of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		-	<u>-</u>	(1)	1
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial period	63	31	21	188	166
Non-cook Considerate March					
Non-cash financing activities Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	_	93	45	246	24

The above statements of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

¹ Refer to Note 1 for the financial reporting period.

Booklet 5A Statements of cash flows For the period ended 30 June 2019 (continued)

Statements of cash flows		Global Income Leaders ETF ¹ 30 June	Global Quality Leaders ETF ¹ 30 June	
Cash flows from operating activities	Notes	2019 \$ ²	2019 \$'000	
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss Payment for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		926,838 (9,165,851)	3,387 (15,281)	1,461 (26,537)
Distributions/dividends received Interest income received		116,029 10	65	177
Other operating income received Management fees paid		8,182 (7,121)	6 (10)	(54)
Expense recoveries paid Transaction costs paid Other operating expenses paid		(1,096) (5,130) (122)	(1) (4) (2)	(11) (8) (2)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	6	(8,128,261)	(11,840)	(24,958)
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from applications by unitholders		8,182,462	11,876	•
Payments for redemptions by unitholders Distributions paid Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		(16,440) 8,166,022	- - 11,876	(793) - 24,994
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		37,761	36	36
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial period		-	-	-
Effects of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(251)		-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial period		37,510	36	36
Non-cash financing activities Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions		763	-	

The above statements of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

¹ Refer to Note 1 for the financial reporting period.

² Rounded to the nearest whole dollar as the Fund does not meet the criteria set out in ASIC Instrument 2016/191 to round to the nearest thousand dollars.

Statements of cash flows		Global Sustain Leaders E	•	NASDAQ 100 ETF		
		30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018	
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Cash flows from operating activities						
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		82,987	40,256	54,565	15,305	
Payment for purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(172,507)	(160,760)	(175,761)	(148,954)	
Distributions/dividends received		3,640	1,944	4,076	2,154	
Interest income received		-	-	10	9	
Other operating income received		36	50	40	31	
Management fees paid		(1,343)	(490)	(1,716)	(738)	
Expense recoveries paid		(274)	(100)	(451)	(194)	
Transaction costs paid		(44)	(36)	(23)	(17)	
Other operating expenses paid	_	(26)	(11)	(8)	(39)	
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	6	(87,531)	(119,147)	(119,268)	(132,443)	
Cash flows from financing activities						
Proceeds from applications by unitholders		91,118	120,285	135,216	141,606	
Payments for redemptions by unitholders			-	(13,558)	(8,544)	
Distributions paid		(3,594)	(941)	(1,854)	(741)	
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities	- -	87,524	119,344	119,804	132,321	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(7)	197	536	(122)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial period		495	295	218	337	
Effects of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	-	(3)	3	(3)	3	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial period	<u>-</u>	485	495	751	218	
Non-cash financing activities						
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	_	361	34	158	52	

The above statements of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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1 General information

These financial statements cover the following managed investment funds (the "Funds"). The Funds are registered managed investment schemes under the *Corporations Act 2001*. The Responsible Entity cannot issue or redeem any units from the 80th anniversary of the day before the day the Funds commenced if that issue or redemption would cause a contravention of the rule against perpetuities or any other rule of law or equity. The Funds may be terminated in accordance with the provisions of their Constitutions. The Funds are domiciled in Australia.

Abbreviated Fund name	Registered date	Commenced date	Financial reporting period
Asia Technology Tigers ETF	22 June 2018	18 September 2018	22 June 2018 to 30 June 2019
FTSE RAFI U.S. 1000 ETF	16 June 2014	17 December 2014	1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019
Global Cybersecurity ETF	18 June 2014	30 August 2016	1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019
Global Income Leaders ETF	21 March 2018	18 October 2018	21 March 2018 to 30 June 2019
Global Quality Leaders ETF	21 March 2018	5 November 2018	21 March 2018 to 30 June 2019
Global Robotics and Artificial Intelligence ETF	21 March 2018	12 September 2018	21 March 2018 to 30 June 2019
Global Sustainability Leaders ETF	26 July 2016	5 January 2017	1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019
NASDAQ 100 ETF	16 June 2014	26 May 2015	1 July 2018 to 30 June 2019

The Responsible Entity of the Funds is BetaShares Capital Ltd (the "Responsible Entity"). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 11, 50 Margaret Street, Sydney, NSW 2000.

On 5 May 2016, a new tax regime applying to Managed Investment Trusts was established under the *Tax Law Amendment (New Tax System for Managed Investment Trusts) Act 2016.* The Attribution Managed Investment Trust ("AMIT") regime allows Funds that meet certain requirements to make an irrevocable choice to be an AMIT. The Funds' Constitutions allow them to operate as AMITs, and the conditions to adopt the AMIT tax regime have been met effective 1 July 2018. Consequently, the units in the Funds that had a prior financial reporting period have been reclassified from a financial liability to equity on 1 July 2018.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors of the Responsible Entity on 20 September 2019. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which are the Funds' functional currency.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all periods presented unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ("AASB") and the Corporations Act 2001 in Australia.

The Funds operated solely in one segment which is the business of investment management within Australia.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The statements of financial position are presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and are not distinguished between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for investments in financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and net assets attributable to unitholders.

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards

The financial statements of the Funds also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Use of estimates and judgement

Management make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. These estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

For the majority of the Funds' financial instruments, quoted market prices are readily available. Where valuation techniques (for example, pricing models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and regularly reviewed by experienced personnel of the Responsible Entity, independent of the area that created them.

Models use observable data, to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

For certain other financial instruments, including amounts due from/to brokers and payables, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments.

Investment entity exception

The Funds meet the definition of an investment entity and therefore apply the investment entity amendments to AASB 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements* ("AASB 10"), AASB 12 *Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities* and AASB 127 *Separate Financial Statements*. AASB 10 is applicable to all investees; among other things, it requires the consolidation of an investee if the Funds control the investee on the basis of defacto circumstances. An exception however exists where an entity meets the definition of an investment entity.

The Funds meet the definition of investment entity due to the following factors:

- (a) the Funds obtain funds from one or more unitholders for the purpose of providing the unitholders with investment management services:
- (b) the Funds commit to their unitholders that their business purpose is to invest funds solely for returns from capital appreciation, investment income, or both; and
- (c) the Funds measure and evaluate the performance of substantially all of their investments on a fair value basis.

In making the above assessments, the Funds have multiple investments and multiple investors. Their investors are generally unrelated parties of the Funds. Unitholders invest for returns from capital appreciation, investment income, or both. Directors of the Responsible Entity have concluded that the Funds meet the definition of investment entity.

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

Assessment of the Funds' investments as structured entities

The Funds have assessed whether the securities in which they invest are structured entities. The Funds have considered the voting rights and other similar rights afforded to investors in these funds, including the rights to remove the fund manager or redeem holdings. The Funds have assessed whether these rights are the dominant factor in controlling the funds, or whether the contractual agreement with the fund manager is the dominant factor in controlling these funds. The Funds have concluded that the managed investment funds in which they invest are not structured entities.

Change in accounting estimate

During the period, the Funds changed their valuation inputs for the fair value of listed financial assets and liabilities recognised in the financial statements from bid prices to last traded prices to be consistent with the inputs used for the calculation of unit prices. Therefore there is no difference between the valuation of Funds' assets for unit pricing and financial reporting purposes from 1 July 2018 onwards. This change does not affect the valuation of investments for unit pricing purposes. The use of last traded price is considered by management to be an appropriate estimate of fair value.

(b) New accounting standards and interpretations

Except as disclosed below, the accounting policies adopted in these financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial period. On 1 July 2018 the Funds adopted AASB 9 Financial instruments and AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The impact of these standards and interpretations is set out below:

(i) AASB 9: Financial Instruments (effective 1 July 2018) (AASB 9)

AASB 9 addresses the classification, measurement and derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. It replaces the multiple classification and measurement models in AASB 139 with a new model that classifies financial instruments based on the business model within which the financial instruments are managed, and whether the contractual cashflows under the instrument solely represent the payment of principal and interest. It also introduces revised rules around hedge accounting and impairment.

Under AASB 9, financial instruments are classified as:

- Amortised cost if the objective of the business model is to hold the financial instruments to collect contractual cash flows only and the contractual cash flows under the instrument represent solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI);
- Fair value through other comprehensive income if the objective of the business model is to hold the financial instruments both to collect contractual cashflows from SPPI and for the purpose of sale; or
- All other financial instruments must be recognised at fair value through profit or loss. An entity may however, at initial recognition, irrevocably designate a financial instrument as measured at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency.

Derivative and equity instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss unless, for equity instruments not held for trading, an irrevocable option is taken to measure at fair value through other comprehensive income. A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost if the objective of the business model is to hold the financial asset for the collection of the contractual cash flows and the contractual cash flows under the instrument represent SPPI.

(b) New accounting standards and interpretations (continued)

The adoption of AASB 9 did not result in a change to the classification or measurement of financial instruments in either the current or prior periods. The Funds' investment portfolio continues to be measured at fair value through profit or loss. The derecognition rules have not been changed from previous requirements and the Funds do not apply hedge accounting. As the Funds' investments are all at fair value through profit or loss, the change in impairment rules will not impact the Funds. The Funds' cash and cash equivalents and receivables continue to be measured at amortised cost under AASB 9 and the impact of any expected credit losses (ECL) is not material.

(ii) AASB 15: Revenue From Contracts With Customers (effective 1 July 2018) (AASB 15)

AASB 15 establishes a single revenue recognition using a five-step model based on the transfer of goods and services and the consideration expected to be received in return for that transfer.

The Funds' main source of income is investment income, in the form of gains on financial instruments at fair value as well as interest and dividends income. All these income types are outside the scope of the standard. Accordingly, the adoption of new revenue recognition rules did not have a material impact on the Funds' accounting policies or the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

(c) Financial instruments

(i) Classification

The Funds classify their investments based on their business model for managing those financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics. The Funds' portfolios of financial assets are managed and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Funds' documented investment strategy. The Funds evaluate the information about their investments on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

Equity securities and derivatives are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

For debt securities, the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, however, they are neither held for collecting contractual cash flows nor held for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Funds' business model objective. Consequently, the debt securities are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Funds may hold financial assets and financial liabilities comprising debt securities which had previously been designated at fair value through profit or loss under AASB 139 prior to 1 July 2018. On adoption of AASB 9 from 1 July 2018, these securities continued to be measured at fair value but are now mandatorily classified at fair value through profit or loss.

(ii) Recognition/derecognition

The Funds recognise financial assets and financial liabilities on the date they become party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or the Funds have transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

(c) Financial instruments (continued)

(iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Funds measure a financial asset or liability at its fair value. Transaction costs are expensed in the statements of comprehensive income as incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value measurement are presented in the statements of comprehensive income within net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss during the financial period.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

· Fair value in an active market

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is subsequently based on their quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. The quoted market price used for financial assets and liabilities is the last traded price.

· Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. The Funds use a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each reporting date. Valuation techniques used may include the use of comparable recent arms length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models or any other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants making the maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.

(iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statements of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(d) Net assets attributable to unitholders

Units are normally redeemable only by unitholders being Authorised Participants at the unitholders' option (other unitholders only have a right to redeem units in special circumstances). The units can be put back to the Funds at any time (subject to the *Corporations Act 2001* and the Funds' Constitutions) for cash based on the redemption price. The fair value of redeemable units is measured at the redemption amount that is payable (based on the redemption unit price) at the end of the reporting period if unitholders exercised their right to redeem units in the Funds. Prior to 1 July 2018 the Funds that had a prior reporting period have classified their net assets attributable to unitholders as liabilities in accordance with AASB 132. Effective 1 July 2018, the Funds have elected into the AMIT tax regime. The net assets attributable to unitholders of the Funds met the criteria set out under AASB 132 and are classified as equity from 1 July 2018 onwards.

(e) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash approximates fair value.

(f) Investment income

Interest income earned on cash balances is recognised on an accrual basis in the statements of comprehensive income using the nominated interest rates available on the bank accounts held.

Dividend income is recognised on the ex-dividend date with any related foreign withholding tax recorded as an expense. The Funds currently incur withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recorded net of withholding tax in the statements of comprehensive income.

Trust distributions are recognised on an entitlements basis and stated net of foreign withholding tax.

(g) Expenses

All expenses are recognised in the statements of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

(h) Income tax

The Funds are not subject to income tax as unitholders are presently entitled to the taxable income (including assessable realised capital gains) of the Funds.

The benefit of foreign tax paid is passed on to unitholders.

(i) Distributions

In accordance with the Funds' Constitutions, the Funds distribute income adjusted for amounts determined by the Responsible Entity, to unitholders by cash or reinvestment.

The distributions are recognised in the statements of changes in equity as transactions with unitholders.

(j) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Funds' financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Funds compete for funds and is regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Funds' presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations at period end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statements of comprehensive income.

(j) Foreign currency translation (continued)

(ii) Transactions and balances (continued)

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported in the statements of comprehensive income on a net basis within net gains/(losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

(k) Due from/to brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers (if applicable) represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the period. Trades are recorded on trade date, and for equities normally settled between one to three business days. A provision for impairment of amounts due from brokers is established when there is objective evidence that the Funds will not be able to collect all amounts due from the relevant broker. Indicators that the amount due from brokers is impaired include significant financial difficulties of the broker, probability that the broker will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation and default in payments.

(I) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for dividends, interest and trust distributions. Dividends and trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Interest is accrued at the end of each reporting period from the time of last payment in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(f) above. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables. The carrying amount of receivables approximates fair value.

(m) Payables

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owing by the Funds which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

The distribution amount payable to unitholders as at the end of each reporting period is recognised separately in the statements of financial position when unitholders are presently entitled to the distributable income.

(n) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Funds are recorded net of any entry fees payable (if applicable) prior to the issue of units in the Funds. Redemptions from the Funds are recorded gross of any exit fees payable (if applicable) after the cancellation of units redeemed.

(o) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Funds by third parties such as custodial services and investment management fees have been passed onto the Funds. The Funds qualify for Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC) at a rate of 55% to 85%; hence investment management fees, custodial fees and other expenses have been recognised in the statements of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Accounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the statements of financial position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the statements of cash flows on a gross basis.

(p) Rounding of amounts

The Funds are an entity of the kind referred to in ASIC Corporations (Rounding in Financial/Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191, relating to the "rounding off" of amounts in the financial statements. Amounts in the financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

3 Net assets attributable to unitholders

Under AASB 132 *Financial Instrument: Presentation*, puttable financial instruments meet the definition of a financial liability to be classified as equity where certain strict criteria are met. The Funds shall classify a financial instrument as an equity instrument from the date when the instrument has all the features and meets the conditions.

Prior to 1 July 2018 the Funds that had a prior financial reporting period have classified their net assets attributable to unitholders as liabilities in accordance with AASB 132. Effective 1 July 2018, the Funds have elected into the AMIT tax regime. The net assets attributable to unitholders of the Funds meet the criteria set out under AASB 132 and are classified as equity from 1 July 2018 onwards.

As a result of the reclassification of net assets attributable to unitholders from liabilities to equity, the Funds' distributions are no longer classified as finance cost in the statements of comprehensive income, but rather as distributions to unitholders in the statements of changes in equity.

Movements in the number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the period were as follows:

	Asia Techn	ology		FTSE RAF	I U.S.			Globa	al	
	Tigers E	TF		1000 ETF			Cybersecurity ETF			
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2019	2019	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
	Units '000	\$'000	Units '000	Units '000	\$'000	\$'000	Units '000	Units '000	\$'000	\$'000
Net assets attributable to unitholders										
Opening balance*	-	-	1,202	1,001	40,110	30,055	12,604	4,600	81,948	25,078
Applications	9,800	55,458	60	200	2,105	6,381	7,800	8,000	53,845	46,718
Redemptions	-	-	(90)	-	(2,966)	-	(200)	-	(1,436)	-
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	-	-	3	1	93	45	37	4	246	24
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders*	-	-	-	-	-	3,629	-	-	-	10,128
Distributions to unitholders	-	-	-	-	(1,842)	-	-	-	(14,041)	-
Profit/(loss) for the period		2,246	-	=	4,146	<u>-</u>	-	-	18,338	<u>-</u>
Closing balance	9,800	57,704	1,175	1,202	41,646	40,110	20,241	12,604	138,900	81,948

^{*} Net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as equity at 30 June 2019 and as a financial liability at 30 June 2018. Refer to Note 1 for further detail.

NASDAQ

3 Net assets attributable to unitholders (continued)

	Global Income Leaders ETF		Global Quality Leaders ETF A		Global Robotics and Artificial Intelligence ETF		Global Sustainability Leaders ETF			
	30 June 2019 Units ²	30 June 2019 \$ ²	30 June 2019 Units '000	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2019 Units '000	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2019 Units '000	30 June 2018 Units '000	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000
Net assets attributable to unitholders	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	*		+ + + +	51G 555	4 5 5 5		00	4 000	Ψ 000
Opening balance*	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,205	9,400	205,638	59,833
Applications	525,010	8,182,462	750	11,876	2,700	25,787	11,200	17,800	90,034	124,911
Redemptions	-	-	-	-	(100)	(793)	-	-	-	-
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	51	763	-	-	-	-	48	5	361	34
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,860
Distributions to unitholders	-	(179,258)	-	(243)	-	(137)	-	-	(14,398)	-
Profit/(loss) for the period	-	246,020	-	898	-	86	-	-	45,039	-
Closing balance	525,061	8,249,987	750	12,531	2,600	24,943	38,453	27,205	326,674	205,638

		100 ETF				
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June		
	2019	2018	2019	2018		
	Units '000	Units '000	\$'000	\$'000		
Net assets attributable to unitholders						
Opening balance*	20,506	11,303	336,560	144,010		
Applications	7,800	9,800	135,216	141,606		
Redemptions	(800)	(600)	(13,558)	(8,544)		
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	10	3	158	52		
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders*	-	-	-	59,436		
Distributions to unitholders	-	-	(12,880)	-		
Profit/(loss) for the period	-	-	63,829	-		
Closing balance	27,516	20,506	509,325	336,560		

^{*} Net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as equity at 30 June 2019 and as a financial liability at 30 June 2018. Refer to Note 1 for further detail.

Capital risk management

The Funds consider their net assets attributable to unitholders as equity. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Funds are subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of eligible unitholders.

The daily issues and withdrawals of units are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Funds' underlying assets on a daily basis by the Responsible Entity. Under the terms of the Funds' governing rules, the Responsible Entity may suspend the issue or withdrawal of units in certain circumstances.

² Rounded to the nearest whole dollar/unit as the Fund does not meet the criteria set out in ASIC Instrument 2016/191 to round to the nearest thousand dollars/units.

4 Distributions to unitholders

The distributions for the period were as follows:

	Asia Techn Tigers E			FTSE R U.S. 100			Global Cybersecurity ETF			
	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2019 CPU	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2019 CPU	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2018 CPU	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2019 CPU	2018	30 June 2018 CPU
Distributions paid - December	-	-	407	36.60	263	21.90		-	-	-
Distributions payable - June Total distributions		-	1,435 1,842	122.06	985 1,248	81.91	14,041 14,041	69.37	3,992 3,992	31.67
			,	Global Income Leaders ETF		Global Quality Leaders ETF		Global Robotics and Artificial Intelligence ETF		
				_	30 June 2019 \$ ²	30 June 2019 CPU	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2019 CPU	30 June 2019	30 June 2019 CPU
Distributions paid - December Distributions paid - March					4,839 12,364	6.45 5.50	φ 000	-	- -	-
Distributions payable - June				_	162,055	30.86	243	32.51	137	5.26
Total distributions				_	179,258	_	243		137	
				Global Susta Leaders	•			NAS 100	DAQ ETF	
		_	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2019 CPU	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2018 CPU	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2019 CPU	2018	30 June 2018 CPU
Distributions paid - December Distributions payable - June			562 13,836	1.70 35.98	228 3,393	1.27 12.47	819 12,061	3.27 43.83		2.27 5.82
Total distributions		_	14,398	_	3,621		12,880		1,585	

² Rounded to the nearest whole dollar as the Fund does not meet the criteria set out in ASIC Instrument 2016/191 to round to the nearest thousand dollars.

5 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	Asia Technology Tigers ETF	y FTSE RAFI U.S. 1000 ETF		Global Cybersecurity ETF		Global Income Leaders ETF	
	30 June 2019	30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$ ²	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss							
Listed securities	57,474	43,047	41,064	152,803	85,823	8,345,866	
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	57,474	43,047	41,064	152,803	85,823	8,345,866	
		Robotics and					
	Global Quality	Artificial	Global Sustai	nability	NASI	DAQ	
	Leaders ETF	Intelligence	Leaders I	TF	100	ETF	
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	
	2019	2019	2019	2018	2019	2018	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss							
Listed securities	12,737	25,038	339,833	208,545	520,645	337,709	
Futures		<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	11		
Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	12,737	25,038	339,833	208,545	520,656	337,709	

² Rounded to the nearest whole dollar as the Fund does not meet the criteria set out in ASIC Instrument 2016/191 to round to the nearest thousand dollars.

6 Reconciliation of operating profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Asia Technology Tigers ETF	FTSE F U.S. 1000		Global Cybersecurity ETF		Global Income Leaders ETF
	30 June 2019	30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$ ²
Reconciliation of operating profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from						
operating activities						
Operating profit/(loss)	2,246	4,146	4,877	18,338	14,120	246,020
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	6,446	6,207	2,703	93,066	35,057	926,838
Payment for the purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(61,879)	(4,893)	(8,950)	(141,749)	(81,090)	(9,165,851)
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(2,131)	(3,279)	(4,310)	(18,322)	(14,143)	(108,020)
Net change in dividends/distributions receivable	(188)	(5)	(6)	33	(22)	(29,856)
Net change in receivables and other assets	(10)	-	(1)	(20)	(11)	(691)
Net foreign exchange (gains)/losses	91	8	(4)	26	5	239
Net change in payables and other liabilities	30	(14)	18	(12)	82	3,060
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	(55,395)	2,170	(5,673)	(48,640)	(46,002)	(8,128,261)
		Robotics and				
	Global Quality	Artificial	Global Susta	ainability	NAS	DAQ
	Leaders ETF	Intelligence	Leaders	ETF	100	ETF
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2019	2019	2019	2018	2019	2018
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Reconciliation of operating profit/(loss) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from						
operating activities						
Operating profit/(loss)	898	86	45,039	24,481	63,829	61,021
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	3,387	1,461	82,987	40,256	54,565	15,305
Payment for the purchase of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(15,281)	(26,537)	(172,507)	(160,760)	(175,761)	(148,954)
Net (gains)/losses on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	(839)	26	(42,826)	(23,187)	(61,738)	(59,985)
Net change in dividends/distributions receivable	(4)	-	(27)	(61)	(78)	(16)
Net change in receivables and other assets	(1)	(17)	(119)	(77)	(27)	(25)
Net foreign exchange (gains)/losses	(4)	12	(18)	7	(10)	1
Net change in payables and other liabilities	4	11	(60)	194	(48)	210
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	(11,840)	(24,958)	(87,531)	(119,147)	(119,268)	(132,443)

² Rounded to the nearest whole dollar as the Fund does not meet the criteria set out in ASIC Instrument 2016/191 to round to the nearest thousand dollars.

7 Financial risk management

The Funds are exchange traded managed funds that primarily invest in a portfolio of securities listed on the global share markets as well as derivative instruments and cash and cash equivalents.

The Funds' activities expose them to a variety of financial risks which may include: market risk (including price risk, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), counterparty/credit risk and liquidity risk. The Funds use different methods to measure different types of risk to which they are exposed. Methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of price risk.

The Funds' overall risk management programs focus on ensuring compliance with the Funds' Product Disclosure Statements (PDSs) and seek to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Funds are exposed. Financial risk management is carried out by an investment manager under policies approved by the Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity (the Board).

The Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Funds' risk management framework. The Funds' overall risk management programs focus on ensuring compliance with the Funds' PDSs and investment guidelines.

Compliance with the Funds' PDSs. Constitutions and investment guidelines are reported to the Board on a regular basis.

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity market prices will affect the Funds' income or the carrying value of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk.

Included in the following analysis are tables that summarise the sensitivity of the operating profit and net assets attributable to unitholders to changes in market prices (e.g. equity price, foreign exchange rates and interest rates). The analysis is based on reasonably possible movements in the specified risk variable with other variables held constant. Actual movements in the risk variables in any period may be greater or less than indicated. The market price risk information is intended to be a relative estimate of risk rather than a precise and accurate number. It represents a hypothetical outcome and is not intended to be predictive. The analysis is based on historical data and cannot take account of the fact that future market price movements (e.g. in times on market stress) may bear no relation to historical patterns.

(i) Price risk

The Funds are exposed to equity securities and derivatives price risk. This arises from investments held by the Funds for which prices in the future are uncertain. Equity securities and derivatives are classified on the statements of financial position as at fair value through profit or loss. All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital.

The Funds' overall market positions are reported to the Board on a regular basis.

Sensitivity analysis

A 10% movement at the report date of the market prices attributable to financial assets or financial liabilities by the relevant Funds would have the following impact on the Funds' operating profit/(loss) and net assets attributable to unitholders. The calculations include the impact of any derivatives that may be held by a Fund. It is assumed that the relevant change occurs at the balance date.

(a) Market risk (continued)

(i) Price risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis (continued)

	Asia Technology Tigers ETF	3 ,		Global Cybersecurity		Global Income Leaders ETF	
	30 June 2019 \$'000	2019	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$ ²	
+10% Price movement - impact on the Fund's operating profit/(loss) and net assets attributable to unitholders -10% Price movement - impact on the Fund's operating profit/(loss) and net	5,747	4,305	4,106	15,280	8,582	834,586	
assets attributable to unitholders	(5,747)	(4,305)	(4,106)	(15,280)	(8,582)	(834,586)	
		Global Robotics					
	Global Quality Leaders ETF			•		IASDAQ 100 ETF	
	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2019	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000	
+10% Price movement - impact on the Fund's operating profit/(loss) and net assets attributable to unitholders -10% Price movement - impact on the Fund's operating profit/(loss) and net	1,274	2,504	33,983	20,855	52,065	33,771	
assets attributable to unitholders	(1,274)	(2,504)	(33,983)	(20,855)	(52,065)	(33,771)	

(ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Interest rate risk is not considered to be significant to the Funds other than their cash holdings.

The Funds are exposed to interest rate risk on their cash holdings. Interest income from cash holdings is earned at variable interest rates. Investments in cash holdings are at call.

² Rounded to the nearest whole dollar as the Fund does not meet the criteria set out in ASIC Instrument 2016/191 to round to the nearest thousand dollars.

(a) Market risk (continued)

(iii) Foreign exchange risk

The Funds may hold both monetary and non-monetary assets denominated in currencies other than the Australian dollar. The foreign exchange risk relating to non-monetary assets and liabilities is a component of price risk not foreign exchange risk. Foreign exchange risk arises as the value of monetary assets denominated in other currencies fluctuates due to changes in exchange rates. The risk is measured using sensitivity analysis.

The tables below summarise the Funds' assets and liabilities, monetary and non-monetary, that are denominated in a currency other than the Australian dollar (calculated after the effect of associated foreign currency derivatives). The disclosures below represent the significant currency exposures of Funds at each respective reporting date.

	Asia Technolo		FTSE RAFI U.S. 1000 ETF			S. Global Cybersecurity ETF			(Global Incom ETF		
·	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2018	2018	2019	2019	2018	2018	2019	2019
	Currency	\$'000	Currency	\$'000	Currency	\$'000	Currency	\$'000	Currency	\$'000	Currency	\$ ²
	USD	29,476	USD*	43,087	USD*	41,120	USD	136,349	USD	72,048	USD	5,079,365
	HKD	10,696					EUR	3,836	EURO	33	EURO	1,142,267
	KRW	11,663					JPY	3,833	GBP	9,097	GBP	357,780
	TWD	5,888					KRW	368	CAD	-	CAD	922,693
							GBP	8,480	HKD	-	JPY	569,544
	Others_		Others	<u>-</u>	Others_	=_	Others	<u>-</u>	Others_	4,814	Others	339,660
Net foreign currency exposure	_	57,723	_	43,087	_	41,120	_	152,866	_	85,992	_	8,411,309
	Global Q Leaders	•	Global Robo Artificial Intelli		Global Sustainability Leaders ETF				NASDAQ 100 ETF			
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2019	0040				30 Julie	30 Julie	30 Julie			JU JUITE	oo ounc
		2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2018	2018	2019	2019	2018	2018
	Currency	\$'000	2019 Currency	2019 \$'000	2019 Currency							
	Currency USD					2019	2018	2018	2019	2019	2018	2018
	_	\$'000	Currency	\$'000	Currency	2019 \$'000	2018 Currency	2018 \$'000	2019	2019	2018	2018
	USD	\$'000 8,762	Currency USD	\$'000 7,318	Currency USD	2019 \$'000 254,868	2018 Currency USD	2018 \$'000 150,223	2019	2019	2018	2018
	USD DKK	\$'000 8,762 313	Currency USD EURO	\$'000 7,318 970	Currency USD EURO	2019 \$'000 254,868 22,713	2018 Currency USD EURO	2018 \$'000 150,223 14,015	2019	2019	2018 Currency	2018
	USD DKK EUR	\$'000 8,762 313 1,275	Currency USD EURO JPY	\$'000 7,318 970 12,432	Currency USD EURO HKD	2019 \$'000 254,868 22,713 12,196	2018 Currency USD EURO GBP CAD HKD	2018 \$'000 150,223 14,015 2,258	2019	2019	2018	2018
	USD DKK EUR JPY	\$'000 8,762 313 1,275 1,416	Currency USD EURO JPY CHF	\$'000 7,318 970 12,432 2,613	Currency USD EURO HKD JPY	2019 \$'000 254,868 22,713 12,196 14,428	2018 Currency USD EURO GBP CAD	2018 \$'000 150,223 14,015 2,258 2,631	2019 Currency	2019 \$'000	2018 Currency	2018 \$'000

^{*} These Funds only have USD exposure.

² Rounded to the nearest whole dollar as the Fund does not meet the criteria set out in ASIC Instrument 2016/191 to round to the nearest thousand dollars.

(a) Market risk (continued)

(iii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis - Foreign exchange risk

The following tables summarise the sensitivities of the Funds' monetary assets and liabilities to foreign exchange risk.

	Asia Technology Tigers ETF	FTSE RAFI U.S. 1000 ETF		Globa Cybersecuri		Global Income Leaders ETF
	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$'000	30 June 2018 \$'000	30 June 2019 \$ ²
Impact on profit/(loss) from operating activities and net assets attributable to unitholders						
10% AUD appreciation against foreign currency (2018: 10%)	(25)	(4)	(6)	(6)	(17)	(6,544)
	Global Quality Leaders ETF	Global Robotics and Artificial Global Sustair Intelligence ETF Leaders E		•	•	
	30 June 2019	30 June 2019	30 June 2019	30 June 2018	30 June 2019	30 June 2018
Impact on profit/(loss) from operating activities and net assets attributable to unitholders	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
10% AUD appreciation against foreign currency (2018: 10%)	(4)	(5)	(73)	(399)	(87)	(27)

10% AUD depreciation against foreign currency would have an equal, but opposite effect to the amounts shown in the table above.

² Rounded to the nearest whole dollar as the Fund does not meet the criteria set out in ASIC Instrument 2016/191 to round to the nearest thousand dollars.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Funds.

The main concentration of credit risk to which the Funds are exposed arise from the Funds' investment in cash and cash equivalents, and investment in debt securities.

(i) Cash and cash equivalents

The exposure to credit risk for cash and cash equivalents is considered low as the Funds only invest their assets into bank deposit accounts held with banks that are regulated in Australia by Australian Prudential Regulatory Authority as authorised deposit taking institutions, and all counterparties have a credit rating of at least A.

In accordance with the Funds' policy, the Responsible Entity monitors the Funds' credit position on a regular basis.

(ii) Settlement of securities transactions

All transactions in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered low, as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made once purchase on the securities have been received by the broker. The trade will fail if either party fails to meet its obligations.

(iii) Other

The custody of the Funds' assets is mainly concentrated with one counterparty, namely RBC Investor Services Trust. RBC Investor Services Trust is a subsidiary of a company listed on a major securities exchange, and at 30 June 2019 had a credit rating of AA-/A-1+ (Stable) by Standard & Poor's (S&P). At 30 June 2019, substantially all cash and cash equivalents, balances due from brokers and investments are held in custody by RBC Investor Services Trust.

7 Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Funds will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities.

The Funds are exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. The Funds' investments in cash and cash equivalents are considered to be readily realisable and the Funds maintain adequate liquidity to pay withdrawals and distributions when required.

Certain Funds may invest in derivative contracts traded over the counter, which are not traded in an organised market and may be illiquid. As a result, the Funds may not be able to quickly liquidate their investments in these instruments at an amount close to their fair value to meet their liquidity requirements or to respond to specific events such as deterioration in the creditworthiness of any particular issuer or counterparty.

The following tables analyse the Funds' non-derivative and derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the tables are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	A	gy Tigers ETF		
		Less than	Greater than	
	On demand	6 months	6 months	Total
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2019	2019	2019	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Other payables	-	30	-	30
Contractual cash flows (excluding net settled derivatives)	-	30	-	30

	FTSE RAFI U.S. 1000 ETF								
		Less than	Greater than			Less than	Greater than		
	On demand	6 months	6 months	Total	On demand	6 months	6 months	Total	
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2018	2018	2018	2018	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Distributions payable	-	1,435	-	1,435	-	985	-	985	
Due to brokers - payables for securities purchased	-	26	-	26	-	-	-	-	
Other payables	-	16	-	16	-	30	-	30	
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability*	-	-	-	-	40,110	-	-	40,110	
Contractual cash flows (excluding net settled derivatives)	-	1,477	-	1,477	40,110	1,015	-	41,125	

^{*} Net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as equity at 30 June 2019 and as financial liability at 30 June 2018. Refer to Note 1 for further detail.

Total

3,992 96 81,948 86,036

30 June 2018 \$'000

7 Financial risk management (continued)

Distributions payable

Contractual cash flows (excluding net settled derivatives)

Other payables

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)							
			G	Global Cybers	ecurity ETF		
		Less than	Greater than	-	-	Less than	Greater than
	On demand	6 months	6 months	Total	On demand	6 months	6 months
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2018	2018	2018
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Distributions payable	-	14,041	_	14,041	-	3,992	-
Other payables	-	84	-	84	-	96	-
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability*	-	-	-	-	81,948	-	-
Contractual cash flows (excluding net settled derivatives)	-	14,125	-	14,125	81,948	4,088	-
	G	alobal Income	Leaders ETF				
		Less than	Greater than				
	On demand	6 months	6 months	Total			
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June			
	2019	2019	2019	2019			
	\$ ²	\$ ²	\$ ²	\$ ²			
Distributions payable	-	162,055	_	162,055			
Other payables	-	3,060	_	3,060			
Contractual cash flows (excluding net settled derivatives)	-	165,115	-	165,115			
	G	Blobal Quality	Leaders ETF				
			Greater than				
	On demand	6 months	6 months	Total			
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June			
	2019	2019	2019	2019			

\$'000

\$'000

243

247

4

\$'000

\$'000

243

247

4

^{*} Net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as equity at 30 June 2019 and as financial liability at 30 June 2018. Refer to Note 1 for further detail.

² Rounded to the nearest whole dollar as the Fund does not meet the criteria set out in ASIC Instrument 2016/191 to round to the nearest thousand dollars.

7 Financial risk management (continued)

Contractual cash flows (excluding net settled derivatives)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)										
	Global Ro	botics and Ar	tificial Intelligenc	e ETF						
		Less than	Greater than							
	On demand	6 months	6 months	Total						
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June						
	2019	2019	2019	2019						
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000						
Distributions payable	-	137	-	137						
Other payables	-	11	-	11						
Contractual cash flows (excluding net settled derivatives)	-	148	-	148						
	Global Sustainability Leaders ETF									
			Greater than			Less than	Greater than			
	On demand	6 months	6 months	Total	On demand	6 months	6 months	Total		
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June		
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2018	2018	2018	2018		
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000		
Distributions payable	-	13,836	-	13,836	-	3,393	-	3,393		
Due to brokers - payables for securities purchased	-	3,535	-	3,535	-	4,614	-	4,614		
Other payables	-	164	-	164	-	224	-	224		
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability*		-	-	-	205,638	-	-	205,638		
Contractual cash flows (excluding net settled derivatives)		17,535	-	17,535	205,638	8,231	-	213,869		
				NASDAQ	100 ETF					
		Less than	Greater than			Less than	Greater than			
	On demand	6 months	6 months	Total	On demand	6 months	6 months	Total		
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June		
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2018	2018	2018	2018		
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000		
Distributions payable		12,061	-	12,061	-	1,193	-	1,193		
Other payables	-	222	-	222	-	270	-	270		
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability*		-	-	-	336,560	-	-	336,560		
			·		·	·	·			

^{*} Net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as equity at 30 June 2019 and as financial liability at 30 June 2018. Refer to Note 1 for further detail.

12,283

12,283

336,560

1,463

338,023

8 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statements of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The gross and net positions of financial assets and liabilities that have been offset in the statements of financial position are disclosed in the first three columns of the tables below.

		cts of offsetting on the ents of financial position		Related amounts not offset in the statements of financial position			
	Gross amounts of financial assets/(liabilities)	Gross amounts set off in the statements of financial position	Net amount of financial assets/ (liabilities) presented in the statements of	Financial instruments (including non-cash collateral)	Stock and cash collateral pledged	Net amounts	
NASDAQ 100 ETF			financial position				
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
As at 30 June 2019 Financial assets							
Futures	11	-	11	-	-	11	
Total	11	-	11	•	•	11	

There were no offsetting assets for the comparative year.

9 Fair value measurements

AASB 13 requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- · Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (Level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

Fair value estimation

The carrying amounts of the Funds' assets and liabilities at the end of each reporting period approximate their fair values.

Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured initially at fair value excluding any transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately. Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in statements of comprehensive income.

(i) Fair value in an active market (Level 1)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs.

The Funds value their investments in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2. For the majority of their investments, the Funds rely on information provided by independent pricing services for the valuation of their investments.

The quoted market price used for financial assets and liabilities is the last traded price. Where the last traded price does not fall within the bid-ask spread, an assessment is performed by management to determine the appropriate valuation price to use that is most representative of fair value.

In the prior period, the current bid or asking price was used for the quoted market price. There has been no material impact on the valuation of assets and liabilities from this change in valuation method.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

Fair value estimation (continued)

(ii) Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market (Level 2 and Level 3)

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate used is a market rate at the end of the reporting period applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

For other pricing models, inputs are based on market data at the end of the reporting period. Fair values for unquoted equity investments are estimated, if possible, using applicable price/earnings ratios for similar listed companies adjusted to reflect the specific circumstances of the issuer.

The carrying value less impairment provision of other receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Funds for similar financial instruments.

Index futures are measured by the quoted market prices, or binding dealer price quotations on the exchange where they are listed or held.

(iii) Recognised fair value measurements

The tables below set out the Funds' financial assets and liabilities (by class) measured at fair value according to the fair value hierarchy:

	Asia			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2019	2019	2019	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Listed securities	57,474	-	-	57,474
Total	57,474	-	-	57,474

Fair value estimation (continued)

(iii) Recognised fair value measurements (continued)

	FTSE RAFI U.S. 1000 ETF								
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2018	2018	2018	2018	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Financial assets									
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:									
Listed securities	43,047	-	-	43,047	41,064	-	-	41,064	
Total	43,047			43,047	41,064	-	-	41,064	
			GI	lobal Cyberse	curity ETF				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2018	2018	2018	2018	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Financial assets									
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:									
Listed securities	152,803	-	-	152,803	85,823	-	-	85,823	
Total	152,803	-	-	152,803	85,823	-	=	85,823	
	Global Income Leaders ETF								
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total					
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June					
	2019	2019	2019	2019					
	\$ ²	\$ ²	\$ ²	\$ ²					
Financial assets									
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:									
Listed securities	8,345,866	-	-	8,345,866					
Total	8,345,866	-	-	8,345,866					

² Rounded to the nearest whole dollar as the Fund does not meet the criteria set out in ASIC Instrument 2016/191 to round to the nearest thousand dollars.

Fair value estimation (continued)

(iii) Recognised fair value measurements (continued)

	Glo	bal Quality L	eaders ETF					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total				
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June				
	2019	2019	2019	2019				
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000				
Financial assets								
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:								
Listed securities	12,737	-	-	12,737				
Total	12,737	-	-	12,737				
	Global Robo	tics and Arti	ficial Intellige	nce ETF				
	Laureld	1	110	Tatal				
	Level 1 30 June	Level 2 30 June	Level 3 30 June	Total 30 June				
	2019	2019	2019	2019				
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000				
Financial assets	Ψ 000	4 000	Ψ 000	Ψ				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:								
Listed securities	24,989	49	-	25,038				
Total	24,989	49	-	25,038				
			Global	Sustainabilit	y Leaders ET	F		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2018	2018	2018	2018
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets								
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:	000 000			000 000	000 545			000 545
Listed securities	339,833	-	-	339,833	208,545	-	-	208,545
Total	339,833	-	-	339,833	208,545	-	-	208,545

Fair value estimation (continued)

(iii) Recognised fair value measurements (continued)

	NASDAQ 100 ETF							
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2018	2018	2018	2018
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets								
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:								
Listed securities	520,645	-	-	520,645	337,709	-	-	337,709
Futures	11	-	-	11	-	-	-	-
Total	520,656	-	-	520,656	337,709	-	-	337,709

(iv) Transfers between levels

There were no transfers between levels during the period ended 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018.

(v) Movement in level 3 instruments

There were no investments classified as Level 3 within the Funds as at 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018.

(vi) Fair value of financial instruments not carried at fair value

The carrying values of financial instruments not carried at fair values are assumed to approximate their fair values.

10 Derivative financial instruments

In the normal course of business certain Funds may enter into transactions in various derivative financial instruments which have certain risks. A derivative is a financial instrument or other contract which is settled at a future date and whose value changes in response to the change in a specified interest rate, financial instrument price, commodity price, foreign exchange rate, index of prices or rates, credit rating or credit index or other variable.

Derivative financial instruments require no initial net investment or an initial net investment that is smaller than would be required for other types of contracts that would be expected to have a similar response to changes in market factors.

10 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

Derivative transactions include many different instruments such as forwards, futures and options. Derivatives are considered to be part of the investment process and the use of derivatives is an essential part of the Funds' portfolio management. Derivatives are not managed in isolation. Consequently, the use of derivatives is multifaceted and includes:

- · hedging to protect an asset or liability of the Fund against a fluctuation in market values or to reduce volatility;
- · a substitution for trading of physical securities; and
- adjusting asset exposures within the parameters set in the investment strategy, and adjusting the duration of fixed interest portfolios or the weighted average maturity of cash portfolios.

While derivatives are used for trading purposes, they are not used to gear (leverage) a portfolio. Gearing a portfolio would occur if the level of exposure to the markets exceeds the underlying value of the Funds.

The following Fund held derivative instruments:

Futures Total

NASDAQ	100	ETF
Fair va	alue	s

				Tun Values										
Contract/ notional 30 June 2019 \$'000	Assets 30 June 2019 \$'000	Liabilities 30 June 2019 \$'000	Contract/ notional 30 June 2018 \$'000	Assets 30 June 2018 \$'000	Liabilities 30 June 2018 \$'000									
661 661	11 11	<u>-</u>		-	<u>-</u>									

11 Auditor's remuneration

During the period the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Funds. Audit fees were borne by the Responsible Entity:

	Asia Technology	Asia Technology FTSE RAFI Tigers ETF U.S. 1000 ETF		Global		Global Income Leaders		
	Tigers ETF			Cybersecurity	ETF	ETF		
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June		
	2019	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019		
KPMG	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Audit and other assurance service								
Audit and review of financial reports	4,982	4,982	4,860	4,982	4,860	3,752		
Audit of compliance plan	1,230	1,230	1,200	1,230	1,200	1,230		
Total remuneration of audit and other assurance services	6,212	6,212	6,060	6,212	6,060	4,982		

	Global Quality Leaders ETF	•		Global Sustainability Leaders ETF		NASDAQ 100 ETF	
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	
	2019	2019	2019	2018	2019	2018	
KPMG	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Audit and other assurance service							
Audit and review of financial reports	3,752	3,752	4,982	4,860	4,982	4,860	
Audit of compliance plan	1,230	1,230	1,230	1,200	1,230	1,200	
Total remuneration of audit and other assurance services	4,982	4,982	6,212	6,060	6,212	6,060	

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12 Related party transactions

Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the Funds is BetaShares Capital Ltd.

Key management personnel

The Funds do not employ personnel in their own right. However, the Funds are required to have an incorporated Responsible Entity to manage the activities and this is considered to be key management personnel. The directors of the Responsible Entity, which are key management personnel of the Responsible Entity, during or since the end of the financial period are:

(a) Directors

Executive Directors:

Non-Executive Directors:

David Nathanson (appointed 21 September 2009) Alex Vynokur (appointed 21 September 2009) Taeyong Lee (appointed 12 August 2015, resigned 31 August 2018) Thomas Park (appointed 12 August 2015) Jungho Rhee (appointed 1 September 2018)

(b) Other key management personnel

There were no other persons with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Funds, directly or indirectly during the financial period.

Responsible Entity's management fees and other transactions

The Responsible Entity's fees are calculated in accordance with the Funds' Constitutions. The Responsible Entity's fees comprise a management fee and (if applicable) expense recoveries (after taking account of GST and reduced input tax credits), which are calculated as a percentage of the net asset value of the Funds and are disclosed in the statements of comprehensive income. The following table discloses the Responsible Entity's fees for 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018:

Funds	Management Fee		Expense Recoveries	
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	%	%	%	%
Asia Technology Tigers ETF	0.57	n/a	0.10	n/a
FTSE RAFI U.S. 1000 ETF	0.30	0.30	0.10	0.10
Global Cybersecurity ETF	0.57	0.57	0.10	0.10
Global Income Leaders ETF	0.39	n/a	0.06	n/a
Global Quality Leaders ETF	0.29	n/a	0.06	n/a
Global Robotics and Artificial Intelligence ETF	0.47	n/a	0.10	n/a
Global Sustainability Leaders ETF	0.49	0.49	0.10	0.10
NASDAQ 100 ETF	0.38	0.38	0.10	0.10

12 Related party transactions (continued)

Responsible Entity's management fees and other transactions (continued)

The related party transactions during the period and amounts payable at year end were as follows:

	Asia Technology Tigers ETF	FTSE R U.S. 1000		Globa Cybersecur		Global Income Leaders ETF	
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	
	2019	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Management fees expensed to the Responsible Entity	161,173	121,546	108,831	719,021	314,830	9,085	
Management fees payable to the Responsible Entity at reporting date	24,987	10,602	21,788	70,255	81,208	2,547	
Expense recoveries expensed to the Responsible Entity	28,276	40,515	36,277	126,144	55,233	1,398	
Expense recoveries payable to the Responsible Entity at reporting date	4,384	3,534	7,263	12,325	14,247	392	
	ı	Robotics and					
			Global Susta	Sustainability ders ETF		NASDAQ 100 ETF	
	Leaders ETF	Intelligence	Leaders	ETF	10	0 ETF	
	Leaders ETF 30 June	Intelligence 30 June	Leaders 30 June	30 June	10 30 June	0 ETF 30 June	
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June	
Management fees expensed to the Responsible Entity	30 June	30 June	30 June 2019	30 June	30 June	30 June	
, ,	30 June 2019 \$	30 June 2019 \$	30 June 2019 \$	30 June 2018 \$	30 June 2019 \$	30 June 2018 \$	
Management fees expensed to the Responsible Entity Management fees payable to the Responsible Entity at reporting date Expense recoveries expensed to the Responsible Entity	30 June 2019 \$ 11,809	30 June 2019 \$ 59,762	30 June 2019 \$ 1,291,922	30 June 2018 \$ 632,396	30 June 2019 \$ 1,646,296	30 June 2018 \$ 900,783	

12 Related party transactions (continued)

Related party unitholdings

Parties related to the Funds (including BetaShares Capital Ltd and other schemes managed by BetaShares Capital Ltd), held no units in the Funds during the financial period.

13 Events occurring after the reporting period

No significant events have occurred since the end of the reporting period which would impact on the financial position of the Funds disclosed in the statements of financial position as at 30 June 2019 or on the results and cash flows of the Funds for the period ended on that date.

14 Contingent assets and liabilities and commitments

There are no outstanding contingent assets, liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2018.

Directors' declaration

BetaShares Capital Ltd present the Directors' Declaration in respect of the following funds:

BetaShares Asia Technology Tigers ETF

BetaShares FTSE RAFI U.S. 1000 ETF

BetaShares Global Cybersecurity ETF

BetaShares Global Income Leaders ETF

BetaShares Global Quality Leaders ETF

BetaShares Global Robotics and Artificial Intelligence

BetaShares Global Sustainability Leaders ETF

BetaShares NASDAQ 100 ETF

In the opinion of the directors of BetaShares Capital Ltd, the Responsible Entity of the Funds:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 49 are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - (i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards, and interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Funds' financial positions as at 30 June 2019 and of their performance for the financial period ended on that date; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Funds will be able to pay their debts as and when they become due and payable; and
- (c) note 2(a) confirms that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors of BetaShares Capital Ltd.

David Nathanson Director

Sydney 20 September 2019 Alex Vynokur Director



Independent Auditor's Report

To the respective unitholders of the following Schemes:

BetaShares Asia Technology Tigers ETF

BetaShares FTSE RAFI U.S. 1000 ETF

BetaShares Global Cybersecurity ETF

BetaShares Global Income Leaders ETF

BetaShares Global Quality Leaders ETF

BetaShares Global Robotics and Artificial Intelligence ETF

BetaShares Global Sustainability Leaders ETF

BetaShares NASDAQ 100 ETF

For the purpose of this report, the term Scheme and Schemes denote the individual and distinct entity for which the financial information is prepared and upon which our audit is performed. Each is to be read as a singular subject matter.

Opinions

We have audited each of the *Financial Reports* of the Schemes.

In our opinion, the accompanying Financial Report of each Scheme is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- giving a true and fair view of that Scheme's financial position as at 30 June 2019 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

The respective *Financial Reports* of the individual Schemes comprise:

- Statements of financial position as at 30 June 2019;
- Statements of comprehensive income, Statements of changes in equity, and Statements of cash flows for the year then ended;
- Notes including a summary of significant accounting policies; and
- Directors' Declaration made by the Directors of BetaShares Capital Limited (the Responsible Entity).

Basis for opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards*. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audits of the Financial Reports* section of our report.

We are independent of the Schemes and the Responsible Entity in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the *Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audits of the Financial Reports in Australia. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Key Audit Matters

Key Audit Matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our respective audits of the Financial Reports of each Scheme in the current period.

These matters were addressed in the context of our audits of each of the Financial Reports as a whole, and in forming our opinions thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



The **Key Audit Matter** we identified for each of the Schemes is:

Valuation and existence of financial instruments.

Valuation and existence of financial instruments (BetaShares Asia Technology Tigers ETF \$57,474,000, BetaShares FTSE RAFI U.S. 1000 ETF \$43,047,000, BetaShares Global Cybersecurity ETF \$152,803,000, BetaShares Global Income Leaders ETF \$8,345,866, BetaShares Global Quality Leaders ETF \$12,737,000, BetaShares Global Robotics and Artificial Intelligence ETF \$25,038,000, BetaShares Global Sustainability Leaders ETF \$339,833,000, BetaShares NASDAQ 100 ETF \$520,656,000).

Refer to Note 5 to the Financial Report.

The Key Audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audits			
Valuation and existence of financial instruments is a Key Audit Matter due to the significance of the balance to the financial statements and as the key driver of operations and performance results.	Our procedures included: Read the Responsible Entity's fund administrator's and custodian's ASAE 3402 Assurance Reports on Controls at a Service Organisation (ASAE 3402) reports to assess the control environment at the fund administrator and custodian and the impact on our procedures.			
	 Assessed the scope, competency and objectivity of the auditors of the ASAE 3402 reports. 			
	Checked the valuation of financial instruments, as recorded in the general ledger, to externally quoted			

market prices.

 Checked the Responsible Entity's external custody reports to assess the ownership of the financial instruments.

Other Information

Other Information is financial and non-financial information in the respective Scheme's annual reporting which is provided in addition to the Financial Reports and the Auditor's Report. The Directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the Other Information.

Our opinions on the Financial Reports do not cover the Other Information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audits of the Financial Reports, our responsibility is to read the Other Information. In doing so, we consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Financial Reports or our knowledge obtained in the audits, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We are required to report if we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, and based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior to the date of this Auditor's Report we have nothing to report.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Reports

The Directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for:

- preparing the Financial Reports that give a true and fair view in accordance with *Australian Accounting Standards* and the *Corporations Act 2001*;
- implementing necessary internal controls to enable the preparation of a



Financial Report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and

assessing each Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern and
whether the use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate.
This includes disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and
using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to
liquidate the respective Scheme or to cease operations, or have no realistic
alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audits of the Financial Reports

Our objective is:

- to obtain reasonable assurance about whether each of the Financial Reports as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
- to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinions.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with *Australian Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error. They are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the Financial Reports.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audits of the Financial Reports is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors-responsibilities/ar2.pdf. This description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

KPMG

Nicholas Buchanan

Partner Sydney

20 September 2019

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